

## U. S. Inquiry In Tulsa Race Riots Ordered

**Daughter to Learn if Federal Laws Were Violated; Investigations by State and County Under Way**

**City to Atone for Harm**

**Raises Fund to Rebuild for Victims; Radicals Among Negroes Called Plotters**

WASHINGTON, June 3.—A general inquiry into the race riots at Tulsa, Okla., has been ordered by Attorney General Daugherty. It was announced today at the Department of Justice.

The purpose of the investigation, officials said, is to determine whether the disorders were in violation of Federal laws. Preliminary reports, it was added, show that the situation is purely local.

The inquiry ordered is informal and will be made by the department's agents in the field. Officials indicated that it was not probable that a special investigation would be ordered. They expressed the belief that the situation would work itself out without the intervention of the Federal government.

**State Inquiry Ordered**

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., June 3.—A thorough investigation of the Tulsa race riot by Attorney General Robertson, ordered by Governor Robertson today, is being conducted.

The investigation is being conducted by a committee of the Tulsa race riot. The committee is composed of the Tulsa race riot. The committee is composed of the Tulsa race riot.

TULSA, Okla., June 3.—Search for a number of alleged ringleaders of the race riots of Tuesday night and Wednesday, which cost thirty lives and in loss of \$1,500,000 in property, the lifting of martial law and progress on plans for rebuilding a negro "zone" were developments in Tulsa today.

Adjutant General Barrett, in charge of the state troops here, announced this afternoon he had the names of a number of persons suspected of being ringleaders in the trouble and that these persons when apprehended would be turned over to the Tulsa race riot.

General Barrett told the Chamber of Commerce it was unnecessary to keep the state troops after today and this afternoon he ordered the Governor's order restoring civil law.

**Bar Association to Aid Jury**

The Committee of Seven at a conference discussed the request of Governor Robertson for a searching inquiry and decided the best plan would be to have the committee of seven at the Tulsa race riot.

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## Erring Husband Mixes Letters And Gets Six Months in Prison

**Epistle Intended for Woman He Ran Away With Goes to Mrs. Goldstein and Prospects for Suspended Sentence in Abandonment Case Vanish**

Abraham Goldstein's expression yesterday when he came forward for sentence for abandonment in Judge McIntyre's part of General Sessions was a happy mixture of earnest contrition and fond hope. The preceding day he had forsworn forever Mrs. Anna Hauser, with whom he ran away to Boston, and had pledged his faith anew to his wife and their seven children, and the prospects for a suspension of his sentence seemed bright.

At sight of his wife's face, however, Abraham's expression became still more mixed, with consternation the prevailing ingredient. There was good reason for his consternation. He had mixed his letters and his destiny. An epistle which he intended for his wife he had mailed in an envelope addressed to Mrs. Hauser, and a letter he intended for Mrs. Hauser had been sent to his wife. His wife's face told him that the letter carrier had done his duty.

This is what Mrs. Goldstein read: "Dear Anna—I have convinced myself that I will live with her again and take care of the children, and she is going to ask the judge to let me off. As soon as I am loose I am going to California. When I get settled there I will let you know and you can let me know."

This is the letter sent to Mrs. Hauser: "Dear Wife—The woman I ran away with has been the evil influence of my life. She persuaded me to leave you. Now I am through with her forever. I want to make up for all the wrong I have done you and the children."

"I'm sure I don't know what to ask you to do, Judge," said Mrs. Goldstein, as she showed her letter to Judge McIntyre. "I thought he was honestly repentant, but look at this!"

Judge McIntyre said that he knew exactly what to do and sentenced Abraham to six months in the penitentiary.

**Murder Witnesses**

**Trace Insurance to Dead Man's Double**

**Agent Swears Accused Took Out Policy After Special Inquiry as to Payment on Accidental Death**

WARSAW, Ind., June 3.—Insurance agents testified today in the trial of Virgil Decker, charged with the murder of Leroy Lovett, in furtherance of the state's efforts to show it was a conspiracy existed to kill Lovett, Virgil's "double," and obtain \$20,000 insurance. Mrs. Lydia Decker, mother of Virgil Decker, and Fred and Charles Decker, his brothers, were also in court.

Charles Tedder, of Elkhart, Ind., an insurance agent, testified Virgil Decker had taken out an industrial policy in his company for \$270, made payable to Mrs. Lydia Decker. The witness testified that Decker had made special inquiry as to whether this policy would be paid in the event of accidental death.

Fred W. Smiley, another insurance agent of Elkhart, Ind., told of a conference he had with the defendant concerning the taking out of a \$5,000 policy in his company. Application, however, was never made, he said.

James H. Anglin, of Warsaw, said Virgil Decker had called at his office and taken out a policy for \$5,000, paying the first premium. This was December 31, 1920. The policy was canceled following the finding of Lovett's body March 1, 1921, which was claimed by the Decker family as that of Virgil Decker.

More insurance men were heard in the afternoon.

**Japanese Dies by Hari-Kari**

**Used Razor, Flung Self From Window, Police Declare**

Tamesaburo Kurato, a Japanese butler, was found dead on the sidewalk in front of a Japanese boarding house at 148 West Sixty-fifth Street yesterday morning. According to the police he committed hari-kari.

A razor with which he had slashed his throat and abdomen was found in his room. The police report said that after using the blade Kurato hurled himself out of the window.

Kurato's half brother, Keizo Kitajima, said that Kurato had been depressed for some time. He had been working for some time as a butler in a Japanese boarding house. He had been working for some time as a butler in a Japanese boarding house.

According to Commissioner Adkinson the police were aware that negro radicals had been at work for some time in the city. He said that he had been warned several months ago that responsibility for any trouble would rest upon the negroes.

As the race war excitement flickered out, the fear which negro leaders had instilled was dispelled, and they told the negro story. Barney Cleaver, a veteran negro police officer and former deputy sheriff, who enjoys the confidence of both white and black, named an alleged negro narcotic peddler as one of the principal leaders in the disturbance Tuesday night which precipitated the shooting and burning.

O. W. Gurley, probably the wealthiest negro in the city, told the story of what happened in the negro section and declared the belligerent negroes established headquarters at the plant of a negro newspaper early Tuesday evening.

**Leaders Jeered at Warning**

Cleaver said he warned negroes then that they would cause the negro section to be burned if they did not disperse and disarm. "They only laughed at me and threatened to shoot me," Cleaver said.

Gurley said on the night of the riots he went to the newspaper office about 9 o'clock and found activities far advanced. "Men were coming in singly and in little groups," he said, "and they called to arms, and guns and ammunition were being collected from every available source."

"Many of the men," he continued, "were making open threats and talking in a most turbulent manner."

"When I saw what was going on, I tried to talk them out of the idea of arming themselves to protect what they believed was a threatened lynching, but they were in such a dangerous mood that I almost got in trouble myself."

"There were not more than forty or fifty men in the crowd of armed negroes who marched upon the courthouse. They were nearly all dope users or 'koke' drinkers with police records. However, a few more intelligent ones were in the lead."

**Morgan Belmont Found Not Guilty of Assault**

**Taxicab Driver's Charges Dismissed; Members of Party Indignant at Accusation**

Morgan Belmont, son of August Belmont, was discharged yesterday in the police court at Port Washington, L. I., where he was arraigned on complaint of a taxicab driver, who accused him of assault. George A. Peterson, the taxicab driver, said that Mr. Belmont, Mrs. Grace Allen Peabody and Miss Beth Martin, who rode with him from a roadhouse to the Belmont home in Westbury, were drunk, and that Mr. Belmont assaulted him when he murmured at compromising a \$12 charge on a \$5 basis.

Mrs. Belmont testified she had seen the episode from her window. No blows were struck, she said, and it did not occur to her that any one was drunk. Mr. Belmont and Mrs. Peabody and Miss Martin were profoundly shocked by the accusation that they had been drinking. They had been drinking anything but ginger ale, they said.

**Automobile Road Conditions**

Albany Post Road open throughout. Boston Post Road through Stamford, Norwalk, Bridgeport, New Haven, Meriden, Hartford, Springfield and Worcester to Boston good, except for construction work at Palmer, between Springfield and Worcester. Shore route from New Haven to Boston via London and Providence good. Naugatuck Valley route from Bridgeport through Shelton, Waterbury, Norfolk and Canaan to Great Barrington good, save for few short stretches. Inside trunk line to Waterbury through White Plains, Ridgefield, Danbury and Newtown generally good. Route over Southwestern Mountain from Danbury to Hartford is good, as is trunk line from Hartford to Providence via Willimantic and Chebuct. (Construction work at Chebuct completed). Berkshire roads beyond Great Barrington good.

**Where Trout Run Big**

"War up deep in the Maine woods is a wonderful place for fishing; camping, hunting, canoeing, with lakes, rivers and mountains. Send 10 cents for 'In the Maine Woods,' which gives colored maps of the region and shows where to go, with rates and all information."

Address Vacation Bureau, Dept. 1, Bangor & Aroostook, Bangor, Me.

## German Ships To Be Sunk in Mock Warfare

**Doomed U-Boats, Cruiser and Battleship Will Be Targets for Aerial Bomb, Shell and Depth Charge**

Planes to Test Skill

Iowa Will Be Guided Out to Sea, Then Hunted by Squadrons of Air Scouts

Instructions to the fleet for the joint army and navy battle operations against surrendered German war craft and the obsolete battleship Iowa off the Virginia capes, from June 21 to July 20, made public today, reveal an elaborate program of mock warfare. The enemy vessels to be destroyed by aircraft and gunfire include the U-117, U-140, U-111 and U-48, the destroyers G-102, S-132 and U-43, the cruiser Frankfurt and the battleship Ostfriesland.

The former German craft will be brought to the firing point and anchored in position about fifty miles east of Cape Charles light vessel in not less than fifty fathoms of water. If more than one ship of a type to be bombed is in the same vicinity, the submarine or destroyer to be bombed will be distinguished by red, white and blue circles on the deck to avoid confusion.

Planes to Bomb U Boat

Opening operations against the U-117 will be launched by seven divisions of naval planes, using 163-pound bombs. If this submarine light vessel is not sunk by naval aircraft army planes will attack with 250-pound bombs. Should the aircraft fail to sink the other submarines a division of destroyers will attack by gunfire.

Attacks by all aircraft will be made at an altitude of not less than 4,000 feet and at maximum speed. The submarines will be anchored in a column formation, 300 yards apart. The column formation, 300 yards apart, the column formation, 300 yards apart, the column formation, 300 yards apart.

The search for the Iowa will bring into play all the ingenuity of aircraft and destroyers. She will move under radio control of the Ohio, and at one zero hour will be at some point between the latitude of Cape Hatteras and Cape Henlopen, fifty to one hundred miles off the coast of the shore. The Ohio, while controlling the Iowa, will be five miles astern of her.

Army and navy seaplanes and four army dirigibles will scout for the Iowa. The search for the Iowa will bring into play all the ingenuity of aircraft and destroyers. She will move under radio control of the Ohio, and at one zero hour will be at some point between the latitude of Cape Hatteras and Cape Henlopen, fifty to one hundred miles off the coast of the shore. The Ohio, while controlling the Iowa, will be five miles astern of her.

Mr. Ringwood's plea tended to establish a lesser degree of guilt than murder in the first degree. He asked for a verdict of manslaughter in the third degree, saying that the prisoner had not intended a serious assault.

District Attorney Raymond E. Aldrich, in a bitter rebuff, claimed that Ingram "murdered his baby in cold blood. He took her by both hands around the neck, and in his own words, 'pressed there until she fell forward.'"

The District Attorney called the murder "the worst case of cold-blooded brutality in the whole history of Dutchess County." He called attention to the fact that after the choking Ingram called to his wife to come upstairs in the whole history of Dutchess County. He called attention to the fact that after the choking Ingram called to his wife to come upstairs in the whole history of Dutchess County.

It was only after the wife arrived and after Ingram was sure he had completed his greivous task, Mr. Aldrich said, "that he made any attempt to revive his victim."

**Platt Confers on Budget**

WASHINGTON, June 3.—John T. Platt, of New York, head of the National Tax Association, conferred with the President today with reference to the new budget system soon to be inaugurated. It is believed that the President intends to name Mr. Wright, of Illinois, the director of finance in that state, is slated to serve as assistant.

**Drive to Sink Iowa**

As soon as contact is made aircraft will flash the news giving position, course and speed of "the enemy." Planes on the scouting line will then assemble by divisions and proceed to attack in order of light bombardment squadrons, then heavy bombardment squadrons and seaplanes.

The air attack on the Frankfurt will be with 163-pound bombs and bombs of at least 1,000 pounds. The board of army 300-pound bombs. The board of observers will make an examination of the ship after each attack. A second series of attacks will be made with 520-pound bombs.

The experiments with the battleship Ostfriesland on July 20, include a series of aerial attacks, each plane dropping two bombs in each attack. On the second day 1,000-pound bombs will be used and if a hit is scored 2,000-pound bombs will be dropped.

If the bomb attack fails to sink the Ostfriesland, the whole fleet of Pennsylvania will open fire with her main battery at 10,000 yards. If the Ostfriesland is still afloat after the Pennsylvania has used her heavy artillery, she will be sunk by depth charges.

**Church Plans Campaign Against Social Evils**

Synod Recommends War on Improper Motion Pictures and Dance Halls

ASBURY PARK, N. J., June 3.—An aggressive campaign against improper motion pictures, public dance halls and other social evils in every community was recommended in a report read before the 115th annual synod of the Reformed Church in America here today.

"The demoralization of the public through the motion picture films, public dance halls, bad books and other temptations to social impurity is assuming alarming proportions," states the report of the committee on public morals. "The Church must exert her power against these chafing sins. Pastoral guidance and parental oversight should be continually exerted to remove these menaces to the spiritual and social life of our people."

The program advocated by this committee and adopted by the synod calls for the strict enforcement of national prohibition, cultivation of personal purity, censorship of moving pictures and prevention of the showing of pictures detrimental to the public morals and "positive aggressiveness along the lines of public morals in each community as a most necessary feature of Christian citizenship."

The report of the committee on public morals further suggested that the synod pass a resolution endorsing the aims of the Anti-Saloon League, the Women's Christian Temperance Union, the Lord's Day Alliance, the Family Altar League and the Allied Citizens of America.

**\$25,000 Lost Bonds Found on City Dump**

FREEPORT, L. I., June 3.—Securities worth \$25,000 were lost yesterday by Mrs. Florence Carmen while she was taking them from the First National Bank here to the office of her father, Platt Conklin, a retired manufacturer, whose property they were. Included in the package were \$18,000 worth of Liberty bonds. They were recovered later.

Mrs. Carmen was acquitted some time ago of the killing of Mrs. Lulu Bailey in the office of Dr. Edwin Carmichael, her husband, on June 13, 1914. The securities were lost from an automobile in which Mrs. Carmen was being driven by Dr. Carmichael.

The loss was discovered when a stop was made in Main Street, Freeport. The police were immediately notified, and an alarm sent out to neighboring towns and to New York. When Franklin Reddell, of the Street Cleaning Department, heard of the loss he began a search at the city dump where the day's street refuse had been deposited. There he found three envelopes containing all the securities intact. They were turned over to Mrs. Carmen by the police.

**Couple Attack Woman And Rob Apartment**

Answer Her Advertisement to Sublet for Summer and Knock Her Unconscious

Mrs. Mary Tobin, twenty-six years old, of 706 West 179th Street, reported to the police last night that she was attacked and robbed of jewelry and \$20 in cash in her apartment yesterday afternoon by an unidentified man of German appearance and a woman about thirty years old, who said she was his wife.

Mrs. Tobin said that she had advertised her apartment to sublet for the summer. Two days ago, she said, the man who robbed her and his alleged wife came to examine the apartment in answer to her advertisement. They seemed satisfied and said that they would call yesterday to make the final arrangements.

Shortly after 1 o'clock the couple called. They requested permission to look at the apartment again. Mrs. Tobin said. She was showing the woman a large wardrobe in the bedroom when she was struck on the back of the head by what she believes was the butt of a revolver. When she regained consciousness she told the police that a valuable diamond ring, a gold watch and \$20 in cash were missing from her bureau. She was attended by an ambulance surgeon from Columbus Hospital. Detectives are attached to the West 177th Street station have been assigned to the case.

**Man Mortally Wounds Wife and Kills Himself**

Police Say Midland Park, N. J., Couple Quarreled Frequently; Threatening Letter Found

MIDLAND PARK, N. J., June 3.—William Van Winkle, twenty-eight years old, a motorman employed on the Paterson City line of the Public Service Railway Company, shot and mortally wounded his wife and killed himself early yesterday at his home in Goddard, this city. Three children of the Van Winkles were away from home at the time of the shooting.

According to information obtained in quick succession, and on entering the house found Van Winkle lying dead in his room with a bullet wound in his right temple. Mrs. Van Winkle, lying on the kitchen floor shot through the head and unconscious, was taken to the hospital, where, it is said, she died.

The police found a letter written by Van Winkle on June 12 in which he declared his intention to kill his wife and himself. The two older Van Winkle children, a boy and girl, were at the time of the shooting. Their return at noon both were seized with hysteria and required medical attention. The children are being temporarily cared for by neighbors.

**Held for \$5,000 Threat In Letter Sent Broker**

"I'm Not Going Alone" Reads Missive to L. M. Kardos Jr., Telling of Writer's Debts

Edward A. Metzler, thirty-three years old, of 154 East 118th Street, was held in \$5,000 bail yesterday by Magistrate Renaud in Tombs Court on a charge of writing threatening letters to Louis M. Kardos Jr., of the brokerage firm of Kardos & Burke, 32 Broadway. In one letter submitted to the court, Metzler wrote:

"Do you know why the idea is growing in my mind hourly to kill my enemies? It is caused, not by losses in Wall Street, but by my debts, which are already my wife and four children and myself into the gutter. I owe a \$2,000 mortgage on my home, \$400 to my mother, \$400 to my sister, \$600 to my brother and a \$200 insurance premium. There are two ways to get the money. One is to die and let my wife collect \$5,000; the other is to get \$5,000 from you. If I choose the first method it will happen on 32 Broadway, and I'm not going alone."

Metzler told the court that Kardos & Burke had failed to give him an accounting of \$17,000 in securities he turned over to them last December.

**Packages of Securities Dropped From Automobile Recovered by Street Cleaner**

FREEPORT, L. I., June 3.—Securities worth \$25,000 were lost yesterday by Mrs. Florence Carmen while she was taking them from the First National Bank here to the office of her father, Platt Conklin, a retired manufacturer, whose property they were. Included in the package were \$18,000 worth of Liberty bonds. They were recovered later.

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The loss was discovered when a stop was made in Main Street, Freeport. The police were immediately notified, and an alarm sent out to neighboring towns and to New York. When Franklin Reddell, of the Street Cleaning Department, heard of the loss he began a search at the city dump where the day's street refuse had been deposited. There he found three envelopes containing all the securities intact. They were turned over to Mrs. Carmen by the police.

**Varotta Boy May Be Free In Few Hours**

Hoped to Get Cash of Varotta

According to the police all the prisoners except Marino admitted they hoped to get money from Varotta. Rugieri confessed to writing the blackmailing letters at the instigation of Marino, his stepfather, they say. The second letter which was signed "Poluzza," meaning chief of the Black Hand gang, was written by Marino.

"You are a damn fool to notify the police. They can do nothing for you. If they start at the Battery and search from house to house over the whole city they will never discover you. Give me the money to him. If you don't give him the money a third letter will be sent to you which will tell the day and hour on which your boy will be killed and his body thrown into the East River."

Detectives patrolled East Thirteenth Street yesterday in the neighborhood of Second Avenue. Several times during the day they had to disperse the crowds of curious children who surrounded the Varotta home. There was intense excitement in the morning when Marino, wife of one of the men under suspicion, was taken out of the house and placed in a police car.

Mrs. Marino appeared and made Mrs. Marino leave the premises.

**Demand Based on Chance Remark**

Mrs. Varotta admitted to a Tribune reporter yesterday that a facetious remark she made to neighbors about being able to pay \$3,000 for a motor may have instigated the kidnapping of Giuseppe. She was speaking in fun, she said, but it may have been taken seriously, for two days later the boy disappeared and a ransom of \$2,500 was demanded. As a matter of fact, she and her husband could not have produced \$2,500, but they had been for the assistance of social workers.

Varotta, haggard with sleepless nights and consuming anxiety, was plunged in gloom yesterday. He has taken a pessimistic view all about that the Black Hand has done away with his boy. He wanders up and down the block, clinging to the idea that Giuseppe may be in the neighborhood. If alive at all, Varotta is considerably more emotional than his wife and he pleaded with the prisoners, on his knees and weeping, to return his boy. He begged them to speak to him in English and Italian and would readily give his way home from any section of the city.

"If they would only give us back our boy or tell us where he is," he declared yesterday. "We do not want vengeance. We do not care whether the men are punished or not. They were all good friends of ours until this happened."

Giuseppe's parents are enthusiastic in their praises of Mrs. Rae Nicolette, the Italian policewoman who took up her post in their home and was responsible for the arrests. She is slender and delicate looking and is herself the mother of a nineteen-month-old baby. As soon as she heard of the kidnapping of Giuseppe she was interested, she said yesterday, and when Captain Michael Flascchetti, head of the Italian squad, said he wanted her to help him find his son, she agreed.

**Dies From Chloroform, But Fails to Kill Cat**

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.—Frank Souders, a Pennsylvania Railroad engineer, lost his life today attempting to chloroform an aged pet cat at his home in Paoli, while his family was away. The cat scratched and struggled as he tried to hold a chloroform rag to its nose. Souders fell unconscious and died from the fumes. The cat ran away.

to have a woman on the ground she promptly volunteered. When it was explained to her that the job would be dangerous she flourished a gun and declared herself to be a good shot.

**Woman Tells of Ruse**

"I am so glad to have done something," she said yesterday. "And I would gladly do it all over again. What mother would not? It was like doing it for my own child. As soon as I arrived, presumably as a relative from Detroit, I took over all the household tasks, did the shopping and took stock of the neighbors."

Almost the first day I noticed the Marino house across the street. There was always some one watching at the window. My curiosity was excited. I found out that Marino knew the father and mother of the boy who was kidnapped. I asked them to have him over. When he came we talked about the boy. I knocked the police. I asked him if he had any idea about how to hunt for the child. He said he had known some Black Handers at one time and he might ask them for information. I knew then I was right. I told him the family had no money but that I would try to get it.

"We had other talks and once Detective Angelo Trezzi and Joseph Sardi called. They, also, were friends of the family. They sat with me and together we knocked the police. We were all certain they could never find anything."